HYPERION
PROFITABILITY
AND COST
MANAGEMENT'S

## MANAGEMENT LEDGER APPLICATION

VERTICAL EDGE CONSULTING GROUP





## Hyperion Profitability & Cost Management

Helps filter the "Clutter"







## Oracle's Approach - Profit-Focused Enterprise TM

A Profit-Focused Enterprise  $^{TM}$  is one that maximizes  $\underline{Margins}$  from information supplied by  $\underline{Profit\ Clusters}$  and  $\underline{Strategic\ P\&Ls}$ .

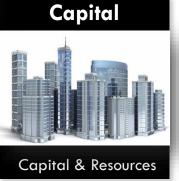
#### Revenue Attainment



Operations Optimization



Resource Alignment



## **Maturity of Information**





**Profit Clustering** 

Segmentation

Strategic P&Ls



4.0

## Using Profit Clusters and Strategic P&Ls



#### The "Right" Customers

- Targeted Marketing (CPL)
- Market Basket Analysis (BPL)
- Sales Strategy (IPL, GeoPL, CPL, SPL)
- Customer Profitability (CPL, STPL)
  - Top, Middle, Bottom

#### The "Optimal" Product Mix

- Pricing Considerations (PPL)
- Vendor Negotiations (VPL)
- Product Rationalization (PFPL, PPL)
- Product Profitability (PPL,STPL)
  - Top, Middle, Bottom

# **Customers**

#### **Products**





## Revenue Attainment



#### Resource Alignment



#### **Policy Execution**

- Product Substitutions (PPL,CPL)
- Sales Incentives (SPL)
- Shared Services Behaviors (SS)
- Minimal Orders (CPL, IPL)

#### **Process Improvement**

- Supply Chain Monetization (SCPL,CHP
- Outsourcing / Procurement (VPL, RR)
- Support (SS, RR)
- Delivery / Channel (SCPL, CHPL)



**Processes** 





**Operations** 

Optimization

#### **Align Capital**

- Redirect Interest Expense (CPL, PPL, RR)
- Invest in Profitable Clusters
- Maximize ROI



#### **Resource Alignment**

- Tops Down Strategy (RR)
- Align expenses to most profitable Customer/ Product Dimensions
- Capacity / Utilization Analysis (SCPL)





## What is Your Profit Decision Maturity Level?

#### **Maturity of Information**



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Product

1.0 **1.75** 2.0

3.0

4.0

Profit Clusters (\*)

Revenue

\$750M

\$500M

\$250M

\$2,500M

Gross Margin

Net Margin

Stacked Clusters

\$200M

Product A

**Product B** 

Product C

**Product D** 

Totals

**\$1,000M \$400M \$(150)M** 

\$450M

\$350M

\$350IVI

\$125M

\$1,325M

\$75M

\$375M

\$200M

\$250M

\$75M

\$275M

\$275M

**Company Score** 

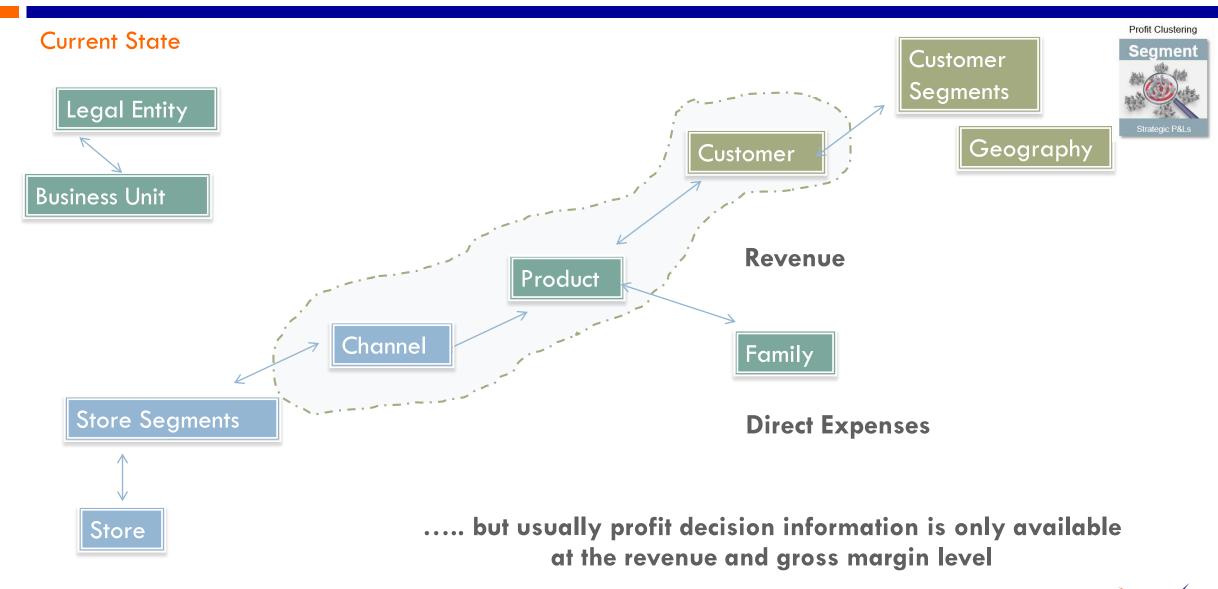
(\*) By any Profit Cluster including Product, Customer, Channel, Vendor, etc.

**Strategic Emphasis** 





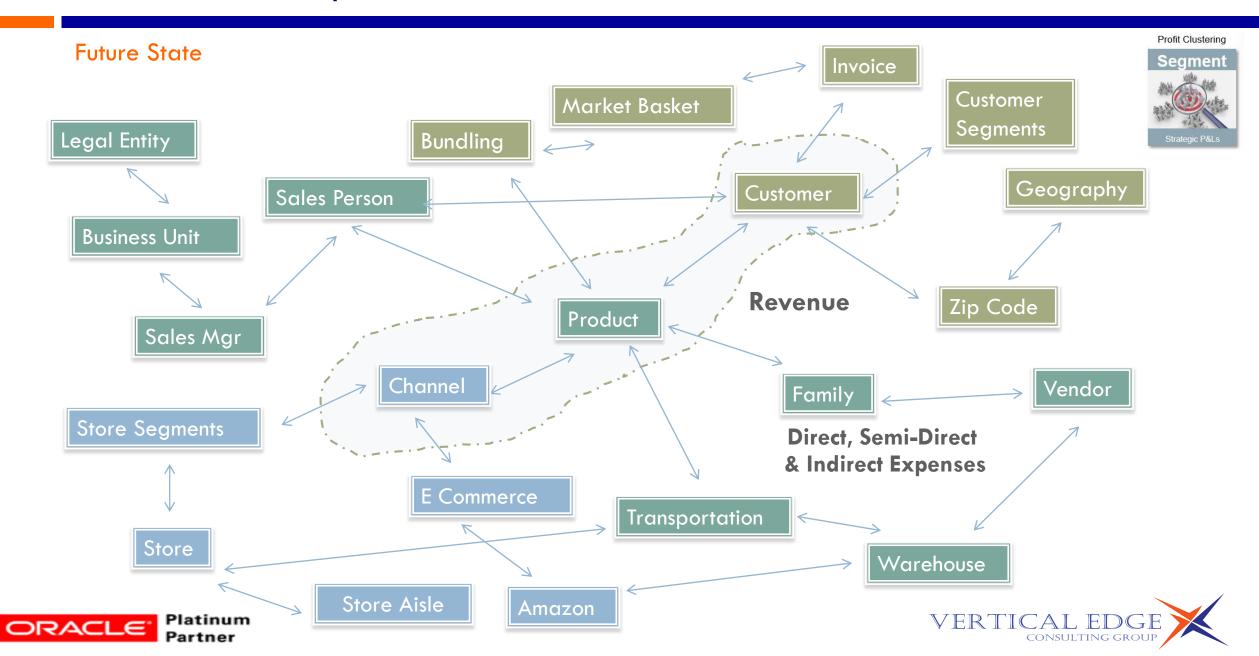
## What is a Profit Cluster?







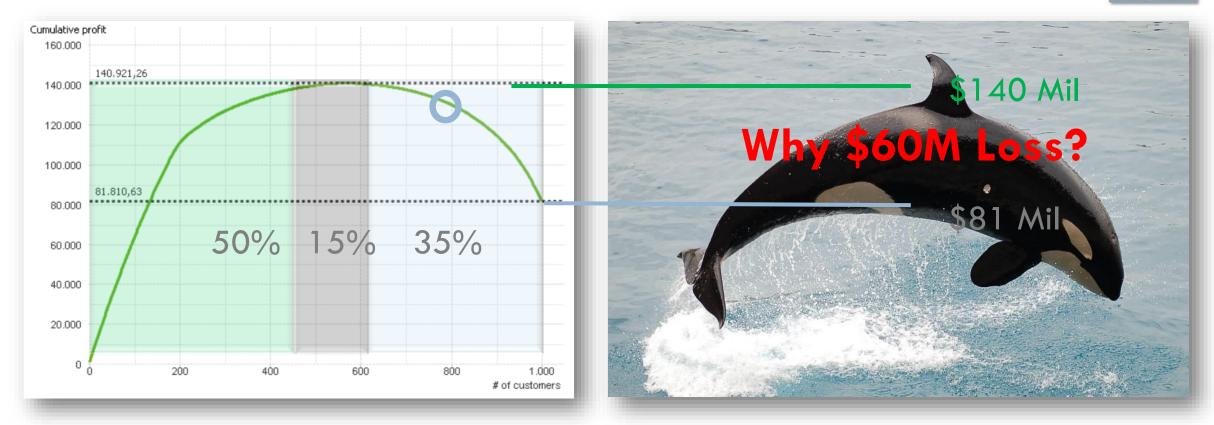
## Breadth and Depth



## Profit Clusters – Exploiting the Whale

# Profit Clustering Segment Strategic P&Ls

#### Service



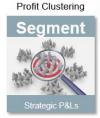
If you can generate a whale curve by <u>Customer, by Service, by Channel</u>, etc, you're well on your way to being able to make intelligent decisions about your business.

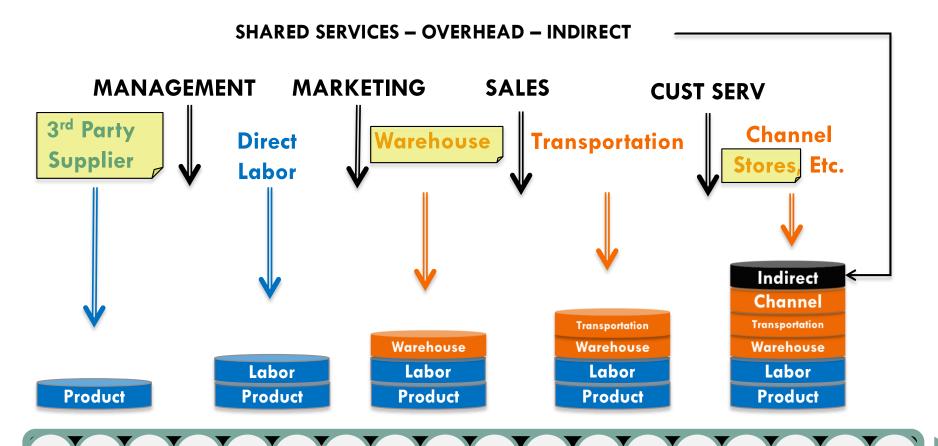




## What is a Strategic P&L?

#### **Profit Clusters**







Strategic P&Ls

Revenue \$1,000 Direct (350)

Semi-Direct (450)

Indirect (300)

**PROFIT** 

(\$100)



Strategic P&Ls



## Oracle's Approach – Systematic Improvement



1 Profit Clustering → 2 Strategic P&Ls → 3 Root Cause







### What we Hear...3 Business Needs

#### **Allocations**

- IT Chargeback
- Shared Services
- Ledger Support
- Forecasting/Budget

#### **Profitability**

- Profit Value Chain
- Profit-Focused Entity
  - Customer
  - Product
  - Channel
  - etc

#### **Transfer Pricing**

- Operational Pricing
- Tax Strategy and Compliance





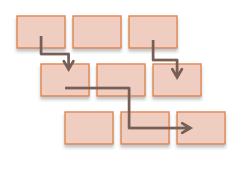
## Flexible Design Methodologies

#### Configured to Requirements

#### **Structured Flow**

#### Requirements

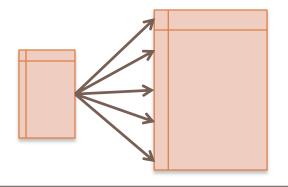
- Costing for analytical purposes
- Highly regulated costing scenarios
- Activity Based Costing
- Aggregate level Profitability



#### **Detailed Flow**

#### Requirements

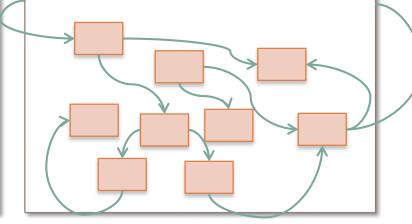
- Bottom up profitability computation
- Highly detailed, highly dimensional cost and profit objects
- Customer event, order, or transaction costing and profitability



#### **Free Form Flow**

#### Requirements

- Management reporting
- Augment thin ledger efforts
- Planning and HFM allocation support
- Aggregate level Profitability







## Management Ledger Applications – Genesis

- Standard Profitability Application Challenges
  - Built for extended ABC type modeling
  - Stage wise structure safe for user but limiting
  - Customers used HPCM for far more than it was designed for
- New use cases require
  - Flexible dimension structure
  - More easily maintained applications
  - More complex logic and variability
- Standard Profitability apps could not meet these challenges





## Management Ledger Applications

- A modeling system for offline management reporting needs and allocations support for other Ledger oriented systems
- Dimensionality to support common management reporting uses and closely match HFM or General Ledger structure
- Analysis support for Profitability, Product Costing and Shared Service Charge backs, Operational Transfer Pricing
- Integration with HFM, Planning, Multi-Vendor GLs
- Addresses functionality gaps where Standard Profitability application design has been challenged in the past





## Management Ledger Applications — Main Features

Unlimited Dimensions	Stage-less design allows 4 POV dimensions and unlimited business and attribute dimensions
Calculation Rules	Source side rules, iterative rule support for reciprocal allocations, flexible driver references, custom calculations, and easy clear / recalculate
Parallel Processing	Rule execution in parallel, serial, or iterations as needed, set by user
Rule Balancing	Balancing by rule with allocations sent and received as well as adjustment values detailed by rule
Model Views	User defined slices for enhanced rule balancing and trace analysis
Trace Allocations	Visual allocations trace from aggregate or granular level, detailed by rule
Reporting	Smart View links, queries, standard system and validation reports





## Management Ledger Applications — Main Features

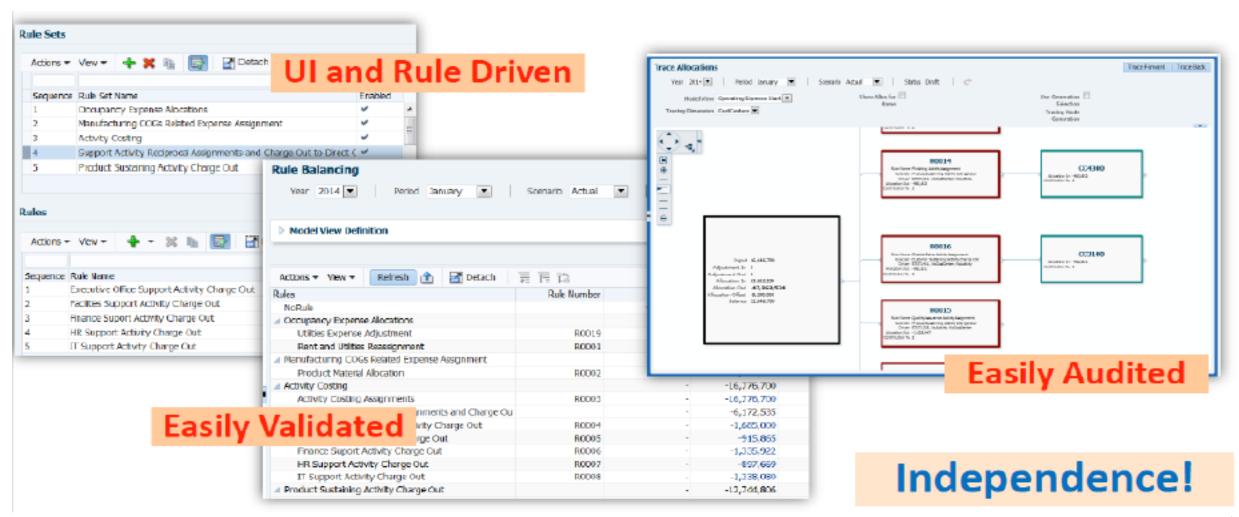
Unlimited Dimensions	Better fit with GL data, HFM, and Planning
Calculation Rules	Eliminates staging tables, very fast design and delivery, enhances business user control messaging
Parallel Processing	Scale and Performance – Advantage Exalytics
Rule Balancing	Simplifies result validation and auditing
Model Views	User defines stages and steps, analysis checkpoints
Trace Allocations	Eliminates 'black box' objections
Reporting	Flexible delivery choices in addition to BIFS





## Management Ledger Application

#### **Business User Managed**







## Management Ledger App Architecture

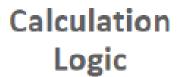
#### Metadata









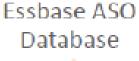






## Calculation / **Data Storage**











Source Systems



Other Systems

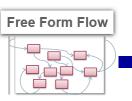








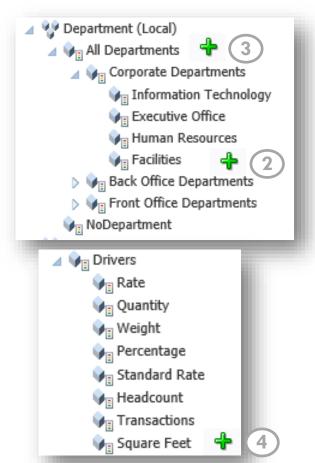
## Management Ledger



#### Four Easy Steps



## **Available Dimensions**



## **HPCM Steps**









## "Connect the Dots"









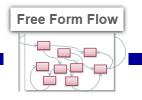






**Manage Rules** 

#### "Connect the Dots"



- Define Rule
- Task Area Manage Model Model Summary Points of View Manager Manage Program Manage Rules Trace Allocations Validate Manage Model Views Rule Balancing Model Validation Reporting Manage Queries System Reports Calculate Manage Database Manage Calculation in Job Status 3 Job Library

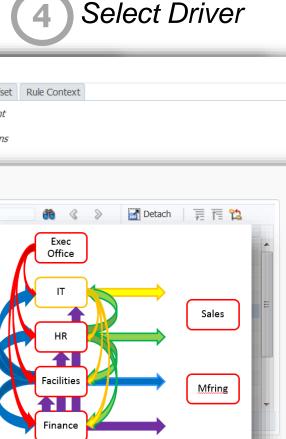


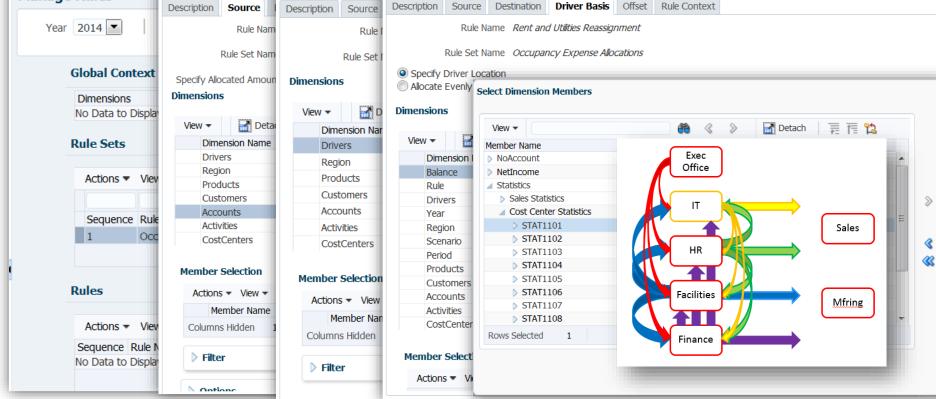
Rule Definition



**Rule Definition** 

**Rule Definition** 



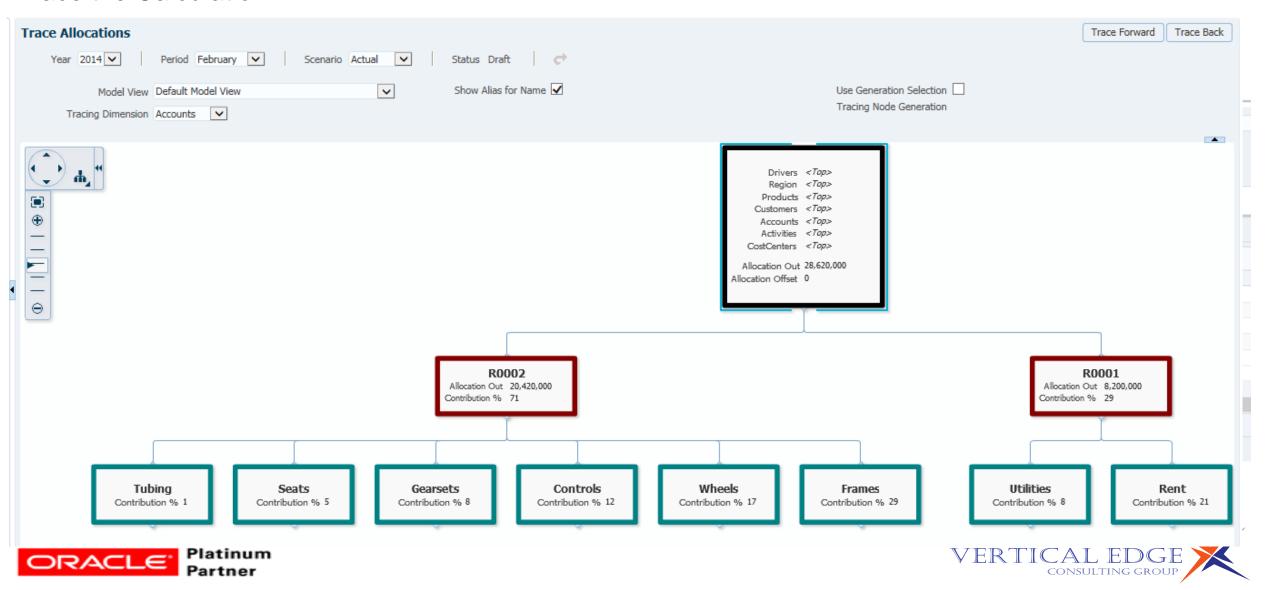






## Run, Balance, and Trace Results

#### Trace the Calculation



## Questions and Answers







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